6+1 Trait® Writing

Scoring Continuum



WOW!

Exceeds expectations



shows control and skill in this trait; many strengths present

- IDEAS
- ORGANIZATION
- VOICE
- WORD CHOICE
- SENTENCE FLUENCY
- CONVENTIONS
- PRESENTATION



4 EFFECTIVE:

on balance, the strengths outweigh the weaknesses; a small amount of revision is needed



3 DEVELOPING:

strengths and need for revision are about equal; about half-way home



2 EMERGING:

need for revision outweighs strengths; isolated moments hint at what the writer has in mind



1 NOT YET:

a bare beginning; writer not yet showing any control

WORD CHOICE

- Words convey the intended message in a precise, interesting, and natural way. The words are powerful and engaging.
 - **A.** Words are **specific** and **accurate**. It is easy to understand just what the writer means.
 - B. Striking words and phrases often catch the reader's eye and linger in the reader's mind.
 - **C.** Language and phrasing are **natural**, **effective**, and **appropriate** for the audience.
 - D. Lively verbs add energy while specific nouns and modifiers add depth.
 - **E.** Choices in language **enhance** the **meaning** and **clarify** understanding.
 - **F. Precision** is obvious. The writer has taken care to put just the right word or phrase in just the right spot.
- The language is functional, even if it lacks much energy. It is easy to figure out the writer's meaning on a general level.
 - **A.** Words are **adequate and correct in a general sense**, and they support the meaning by not getting in the way.
 - **B.** Familiar words and phrases communicate but rarely capture the reader's imagination.
 - **C.** Attempts at colorful language show a willingness to stretch and grow but sometimes reach beyond the audience (thesaurus overload!).
 - D. Despite a few successes, the writing is marked by passive verbs, everyday nouns, and mundane modifiers.
 - **E.** The words and phrases are **functional** with only **one or two fine moments**.
 - **F.** The words may be **refined in a couple of places**, but the language looks more like **the first thing that popped into the writer's mind**.
- The writer demonstrates a limited vocabulary or has not searched for words to convey specific meaning.
 - A. Words are so nonspecific and distracting that only a very limited meaning comes through.
 - **B.** Problems with language **leave** the **reader wondering**. Many of the **words** just **don't work** in this piece.
 - **C.** Audience has not been considered. **Language is used incorrectly** making the message secondary to the misfires with the words.
 - **D.** Limited vocabulary and/or misused parts of speech seriously impair understanding.
 - E. Words and phrases are so unimaginative and lifeless that they detract from the meaning.
 - F. Jargon or clichés distract or mislead. Redundancy may distract the reader.